

Abbreviation:

AIDS	-	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AIR	-	All India Radio
ATM	-	Automated Teller Machine
B.Tech	-	Bachelor of Technology
BPO	-	Business Process outsourcing
CA	-	Chartered Accountant
CAT	-	Career Aptitude Test
CCTV	-	Closed circuit television
IAS	-	Indian Administrative Service
ILO	-	International Labour Organisation
KPO	-	Knowledge Process outsourcing
NEWS	-	North East West South
NGO	-	Non Governmental Organisation
P.S	-	Personal Secretary / Post Script
PA	-	Personal Assistant
RADAR	-	Radio Detection And Ranging
RAM	-	Random Access Memory
ROM	-	Read Only Memory
RRB	-	Railway Recruitment Board
SBI	-	State Bank of India
SIM	-	Subscriber's Identity Module
SR	-	Southern Railways
SSC	-	Staff Selection Commission
TAFE	-	Tractor and Farm Equipment
TANSI	-	Tamilnadu Small Scale Industries
UAE	-	United Arab Emirates
UFO	-	Unidentified Flying object
UNESCO	-	United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation
VISCOM	-	Visual Communication

bread	<r/dH	bred	i [ ml
break	u@d	brake	n'Btt'
bred	vqrft l l	bread	<r/dH
burrow	Myl ivckKmla @b	borrow	kd[ iv/gKt l l
but	A [ /l l tvr	butt	i l kK
cards	a dl@dkqf	cords	kyBkqf
career	>v@l	carrier	t/gk'
cease	nBtIT	seize	pH,pbMtl l <cyf
ceiling	a @by [ l udt\$ @r	sealing	Mttf '@ryDt l l
cell	<cl f	sell	vbp@[
cell	a @b	sell	v'bb l l
cereal	u] V t/[ 'ymf	serial	<t/dr f
cheque	u] Hy l f	check	>c/t@ [ <cyf
cited	>mbbk/qf k/dDt l l	sighted	p/rftt/[ l f
coat	a gk'	cote	Pk l 'dm l \$ ] ID
complement	Prftt' <cyfml o [ l B	compliment	v/zftIT, pr'C
cord	kyB	chord	nrmP
corpse	cvmf	corps	pdd/qmf
counsel	Pttf'mt'	council	A >l /c@ [ c@p
course	pHpP	coarse	Mrd/[
descent	i bgk	dissent	cmht'y/@m
desease	i bpP	disease	>n/yf
dew	p[ '	due	ur '@m,vr',kppmf
die	c/K	dye	c/ymf
disease	>n/yf	decease	mr] mf
dual	i r] ID	duel	c] @d
fare	kdd] mf	fair	a zk'y
fare	kdd] mf	fair	<p/Rdk/dc'
feat	vrc(a R w)<cyf l	feet	p/tmf
feint	>p/l 'tl>t/bbmf	faint	tqrhnt,
flair	t'b@m	flare	cb' e(r)Z t l l
forego	M[ b[ <cl f	forgo	v dDvD
foul	<vBkk'ttkk	fowl	n/dDki>k/z'
groan	Pl mPt l l >tmPt l l	grown	vqrhnt
hair	u>r/mmf	heir	v/r'C
heel	K't'k/l f	heal	A Bt l l
here	i gk	hear	>kqf
him	av@[	hymn	T t'plp/dl l

HOMOPHONES

WORD1	MEANING1	WORD2	MEANING2
adapt	# zLkbbp <p/RnIT	adopt	sivkr'tt l l
ail	T [ pppDt l l	ale	mTp/[ ml
ale	oRv't mTp/[ ml	all	el l /ml
all	el l /ml	ail	T [ pppD
already	Ebk-k [ >v	allready	
altar	pl 'pdmf	alter	m/bB
alter	m/bB	altar	pl 'pdmf
antic	>k/m/q'tt [ ml	antique	pzgk/l t't bKry
arc	p@b vHvmf	ark	pdK, <pdH
assent	cmfntmf	ascent	EB
aught	Et/vT	ought	>v] Dmf
bail	j /m[ l	bale	kdID
bail	n@r i @bt l l	bale	kdID
ball	pnT	bawl	urkkkktT
bare	<vBm>[	bear	t/gk, <p/B
bark	mrppd@d	barque	pr'cl   pdK
bark	K@rtt l l	barque	pr'cl   pdK
bate	K@b, t] '	bait	vc'ymf T] H l l
bay	tv dD n'bm/[	bey	m/k/] t't@l vrl
bay	v@qKd/	bey	m/k/] t't@l vrl
bear	ck'tITkkk/qf	bare	t'bnf
bear	krH	bare	' dpbd/t
beech	k/dID mrmf	beach	kdbk@r
beer	prf	bier	cv v] H
bell	m] '	belle	<c/KCck/r'
belle	<c/KCck/r'	belly	a Hvy B
berth	pDkKm dmf	birth	p'bpP
birth	p'bpP	berth	pDk@k
bite	kHtt l l	bight	Kd/k'kd l l
bite	kHtt l l	byte	@pdf
blew	ve'yT	blue	n l mf
borrow	kd[ iv/gKt l l	borough	Urf
bough	k@q	bow	t@l v] gk
bow	v l l	bough	k@q
boy	c'Bv[ l	buoy	mt@v
brake	n'Btt'	break	u@d

in	uqf-q	inn	ctft'rmf
lesson	p/dmf	lessen	K@bk'bT
lion	c'gkml	line	>k/D
loose	tqrv/[	lose	i z
maize	>c/qmf	maze	c'kk l / [ p/@t
mantle	A @d	mantel	c@myl @b m/dmf
meat	Pl /l l u] V	meet	cnf' t't l l
meet	cnf'	meat	i @bct'
miner	Crgk'tl <t/z l /q'	minor	21 vyT nrmP/t
naught	KBmPt't [ m/]	not	i l @l
naughty	KBmPt't [ m/]	knotty	MHCkQqf
night	i rV	knight	Kt '@r
one	o [ l B	won	<v [ bT
ore	T DpP	ore	t/T
pale	<vQ'tt	pail	v/q'
peal	m] ' >y/@c	peel	ur'
piece	T] D	peace	cm/t/[ ml a@mt
plane	v m/[ ml	plain	c/t/r]
pounce	t/kk, >k/l p<p/H	pounds	pV] lDkqf
praise	PkzhfT >pCt l l	prise	<nmp>k/l l
pray	<j pml <cyf	prey	i @r
prey	i @r	pray	<j pml <cyf
price	v @l	prize	pr'C
principal	Mt l Mrf p'rt/[	principle	l dc'ymf
principle	Mkk'ym/[	principal	Mt l Mrf
prise	<nmp>k/l l	price	v @l
red	c'vpP	read	pHtt l l
right	cr'	write	eZT
role	pgk	roll	CRqT uRQt l l
route	vz'	root	>vrl
sail	kdbpy] m l Tvvgk	sale	v y/p/rmf
scene	k/dc'	seen	p/rftt/[ l
sea	kd l f	she	avqf
sell	v bp@[ <cyf	cell	<cl f
site	m@[	cite	>mbk/qf k/dtl l
soar	uyr pbt l l	sore	P] l Tyrmf

Sole	m[ [t [ 'pbd, p/tml	soul	u y r l	fire brigade	fire ceapartment
Some	c' l	sum	k] kK	flat	apartment
stationary	n'@l y/[	stationery	eZ T <p/Rqf	flyover	over pass
steal	t' RD	steel	eFK, uRkK	fresher	fresh man
stile	pHkKdD	style	eZ tft/] ;, n/kr' kmf	friend	buddy
story	k@t	storey	m/H	goods train	freight train
sum	k] kK	some	c' l	green pepper	bell pepper
symbol	a @dy/qmf	cymbal	@k tft /qmf	haemophilia	hemophilia
tail	v/ l l	tile	OD	hairgrips	bobby pins
tail	v/ l l	tale	k@t	hire	rent
tale	k@t	tail	v/ l l	hoarding	hoarding
team	KZ	teem	m' K nft' R	holiday	vacation
threw	U >d	through	MZ vTmf	interval	intermission
through	U >d	threw	U >d (i bnft k/ l m)	jam	jelly
tow	kdH i Z tft l lc] l l	toe	k/ l i v r l l	jewellery	jewelry
vain	v] i Mybc'	vein	i r tft kKz/ yf	jug	pitcher
vein	i r tft kKz/ yf	vain	v] / [ , py[ bb	kilometre	kilometer
waist	i DpP	waste	py[ bb	lady bird	lady bug
wait	k/ tft' R	weight	e@d	laundrette	laundromat
weather	k/ l n@l	whether	if	letter box	mail box
yoke	Nk tft H	yolk	Md@d mwv: qf kR	lice	cooties
British English		American English		licence	license
aerial		antenna		lift	elevator
aeroplane		airplane		lingerie	intimate appeal
anayse		analyze		lorry	truck
angry with		mad at		mad	crazy
anti-clock wise		counter clock wise		main road	highway
asthetic		esthetic		marvellous	marvelous
autumn		fall		match	game
biscuits		cookies		maths	math
blind		window shade		mazie	corn
blinkers		blinders		memorise	memorize
bonnet		hood		metre	meter
book stall		news stand		mobile library	book mobile
boot		trunk		mobile phone	cell phone
bread hins		bread boxes		multi-storey car parking	parking garage
cab		automobile		nappy	diaper
car park		parking lot		neighbour	neighor
central air conditioning		central air		non-toxic	nontoxic
centre		center		number plate	license plate
chemist		druggist		organisation	organization
cheque account		check account		paraffin	kerosene
chips		crisp		pavement	side walk
cinema		movies		perambulator	baby carriage
cloak room		rest room		petrol	gas, gasoline
coffin		caskets		plaster	band aid
colour		color		postbox	mail box
co-operate		cooperate		postman	mailman, mail carrier
cot		crib		powercuts	power outages
credit account		credit account		prison	penitentiary
cross road		inter section		programme	program
cuddly toy		plush toy		provisional driving licence	learner's permit
currency note		bill		public convenceince	comfort station
curtains		drapes		public governence	comfort station
cute		cunning		public holiday	Federal holiday
cutting		clipping		public school	private school
dish cloth		dish rag		public transport system	mass transit
draughts		checkers		queue	line
dreamt		dreamed		railways	railroad
dual carriage way		divided highway		ring road	belt way
dustbin		trashcan, garbage		rise	raise
endeavour		endeavor		rubber	eraser
enrol		enroll		rubbish	garbage, tarsh
estate agents		realtors		sacked	fired
exercise book		composition book		shop	store
favourite		favorite		shop assistant	sales clerk
fellow		guy			
fibre		fiber			

single	oneway	termini	termine, terminuses
skilful	skillful	terminus	termini
skin (fruit)	peel (fruit)		
slept	spelled	Affixes:	
stupid	dumb	<u>in</u> secure	<u>Securely</u>
suitcase	grip	<u>en</u> vision	<u>Security</u>
sweet, sweets	candy, candies	<u>un</u> announced	<u>Musician</u>
tarmac	black top	<u>ig</u> noble	<u>Comparable</u>
taxi	cab	<u>em</u> power	<u>brightness</u>
teatowed	dish towel	<u>ultra</u> violet	<u>education</u>
terminus	depot, terminal	<u>inter</u> lock	<u>colourful</u>
theatre	theater	<u>dis</u> play	<u>dangerous</u>
tie	neck tie	<u>mistaken</u>	<u>friendship</u>
timber	lumber	<u>non</u> violent	<u>party</u>
time table	schedule	<u>sub</u> standard	<u>performance</u>
tins	can	<u>hyper</u> tension	<u>secretive</u>
torch	flash light	<u>trans</u> form	<u>metallic</u>
travelled	traveled	<u>over</u> lap	<u>colourful</u>
trousers	pants	<u>im</u> possible	<u>announcement</u>
tyre	tire	<u>prefix</u>	<u>inferior, director</u>
undertaker	mortician	anti	aircraft
wash basin	sink	dis	appear
water-tap	faucet		appear
wind screen	wind shield		ance
witness box	witness stand		ication
zed	zee	mis	arrive
		non	al
			behave
		tele	believer
			betray
		out	er
			book
			break
			out
			break
			capital
			ise
			cardio
			gram
			care
			ful
			less
			care
			less
		bio	chemistry
			citizen
			ship
		anti	climax
		re	collect
			collect
			ive
			ion
		un	common
		self	confidence
		non	conformist
		dis	connect
		dis	courage
		en	courage
			courage
			ous
		dis	cover
			cricket
			er
		co	education
			education
			al
			education
			ist
			ity
		pre	electric
			eminent
			ion
			able
			ship
		tele	gram
		auto	graph
		bio	graphy
		un	happy
		self	help
			ful
			help
			less
			ion
			inspect
			ion

Singular and plural:

Memory Tips

Singular ending	Plural ending
- um, - on	- a
- us	- i
- is	- es
- a	- ae
- ix, - ex	- ices

aircraft	aircraft
aluminous (fem)	alumnae
aluminous (mas)	alumni
alumna	alumnae
alumnus	alumni
analysis	analyses
aquarium	aquaria
axis	axes
cattle	cattle
crisis	crises
criterion	criteria
crops	crops
cupful	cupful
curriculum	curricula
daughter – in – law	daughters – in – law
deer	deer
dining room	dining rooms
erratum	errata
focus	foci
genie	genies
innings	innings
man servant	men servants
means	means
medium	media
memorandum	memoranda
premises	premises
series	series
sheep	sheep
species	species
spectcles	spectcles
strattum	stratta, strata
swine	swine

low	inspect	or	Barely	bare-ly (2)	Guitarist	gui-ta-rist (3)
	land		Prisoners	pri-so-ners (3)	Survival	sur-vi-val (3)
	land	lord	Internal	in-ter-nal (3)	Properly	pro-per-ly (3)
mis	management		Fanatic	fa-na-tic (3)	Permanent	per-ma-nent (3)
sub	marine		Entertainment	en-ter-tain-ment (4)		
	marry	iage	Astronomy	as-tro-no-my (4)		
ex	minster		Observable	ob-ser-va-ble (4)		
	moral	ity	Philharmonic	phil-har-mo-nic (4)		
re	move		Articulate	ar-ti-cu-late (4)		
	move	able	Extravaganza	ex-tra-va-gan-za (5)		
inter	nation	al	Quality	qua-li-ty (3)	Royalty	ro-yal-ty (3)
un	necessary		Morality	mo-ra-li-ty (4)	Ability	a-bi-li-ty (4)
extra	ordinary		Locomotive	lo-co-mo-tive (4)		
	other	wise	Political	po-li-ti-cal (4)		
micro	oven		Communication	com-mu-ni-ca-tion (4)		
	passion	ate	pro – per – ly		en-ter-tain-ment	
	perish	able	as-tro-no-my		ob-ser-va-ble	
	person	al	per-ma-nent		a-bout	
	philo	logy	in-side		peo-ple	
tele	phone		mu-sic	gui-ta-rist	pri-so-ners	
geo	physics		sur-vi-val		in-ter-nal	
	point	less	bare-ly		fa-na-tic	
im	possible		phil-har-mo-nic		ex-tra-va-gan-za	
non	professional		ar-ti-cu-late			
multi	purpose					
	real	ity				
	refuse	al				
pre	requisite					
	scholar	ship				
mis	spell					
	taste	ful				
	teach	er				
	techno	logy				
ill	treat					
	treat	ment				
non	uniform					
sub	urban					
	use	less				
	non	vegetarian				
	video	gram				
non	violence					
tele	vision					
	wash	er				
	wash	able				
micro	wave					
	whole	sale				
	whole	some				
re	write					

Construct a sentence using one of the words given below: a) earnest b) earnestly c) earnestness  
 <k/DkIkppdIDqIq ' [ IB <c/bkqI l fE>t { mIo [ @b >k/HdIDqIq i dtft l fEzTk.

- 1) I know the meaning of the word \_\_\_\_\_.  
I know the meaning of the word earnest.
- 2) They know the meaning of \_\_\_\_\_.  
They know the meaning of earnest.
- 3) Tell me the meaning of \_\_\_\_\_.  
Tell me the meaning of earnest.
- 4) Do you know the meaning of "\_\_\_\_\_"?  
Do you know the meaning of "earnestly"?
- 5) I copy the word '\_\_\_\_\_' in my note.  
I copy the word 'earnestness' in my note.

Punctuation:

1. Start with capital letter.
2. Names – start with capital letter
3. O, Oh, Ah, Hurrah, Alas e[ b  
v/rft@tkQkKp'p'bK ! >p/dVmf
4. >kqM' v/kk'y<m[ ' l fi Bt'y' l i? >p/dVmf
5. Direct Speech e[ ' l i' " >p/dVmf

Syllables:

About	a-bout (2)	Inside	in-side (2)
People	peo-ple (2)	Music	mu-sic(2)

Compound words

air	port	airport	bath	tub	bathtub	camp	ground	campground
any	more	anymore	battle	tub	battleship	candle	stick	candlestick
any	place	anyplace	bed	room	bedroom	card	board	cardboard
any	thing	anything	bee	line	beeline	car	pet	carpet
any	where	anywhere	birth	day	birthday	child	hood	childhood
arm	chair	armchair	black	board	blackboard	chop	stick	chopstick
back	ache	backache	boat	ride	boat ride	class	mate	classmate
back	ground	background	book	case	bookcase	clock	wise	clockwise
back	pack	backpack	book	let	booklet	court	yard	courtyard
ball	pen	ball pen	book	shelf	bookshelf	cow	boy	cowboy
basket	ball	basketball	book	worm	bookworm	cup	board	cupboard
bath	robe	bathrobe	brief	case	briefcase	cut	let	cutlet
			butter	cup	buttercup	dare	devil	daredevil
			butter	fly	butterfly	day	break	daybreak
			camp	fire	campfire	day	dram	daydream

deep	fry	deep-fry	house	boat	houseboat	sand	castle	sandcastle
dish	washer	dishwasher	in	coming	incoming	sand	paper	sandpaper
dish	water	dishwater	in	side	inside	school	boy	schoolboy
door	bell	doorbell	in	sight	insight	sea	food	seafood
door	mate	doormat	jaw	bone	jawbone	sea	food	seafood
door	step	doorstep	lady	bug	ladybug	sea	shore	seashore
door	stop	doorstop	land	lady	landlady	sea	weed	seaweed
door	way	doorway	land	lord	landlord	sewing	machine	sewing-machine
down	cast	downcast	land	mark	landmark	ship	wreck	shipwreck
dragon	fly	dragonfly	leader	ship	leadership	shoe	string	shoestring
drop	let	droplet	leaf	let	leaflet	short	bread	shortbread
dry	clean	dry clean	length	wise	lengthwise	skate	board	skateboard
ear	ache	earache	light	green	light green	sky	scraper	skyscraper
ear	rings	earrings	light	house	lighthouse	snow	board	snowboard
ever	green	evergreen	light	sensitive	light sensitive	snow	storm	snowstorm
every	body	everybody	loud	speaker	loudspeaker	soft	ware	software
every	day	everyday	make	over	makeover	some	thing	something
eye	ball	eyeball	master	piece	masterpiece	sound	proof	soundproof
fast	food	fast food	match	stick	matchstick	space	ship	spaceship
finger	print	fingerprint	meat	ball	meatball	stair	case	staircase
fire	arm	firearm	moon	light	moonlight	star	light	starlight
fire	fighter	firefighter	my	self	myself	stomach	ache	stomachache
fire	place	fireplace	neck	tie	necktie	straw	berry	strawberry
fire	proof	fireproof	news	paper	newspaper	sun	light	sunlight
fire	works	fireworks	night	fall	nightfall	sun	shine	sunshine
fish	tail	fishtail	no	body	nobody	super	human	superhuman
flash	back	flashback	off	hand	offhand	super	impose	superimpose
flash	news	flash news	on	line	online	super	man	superman
foot	ball	football	other	wise	otherwise	super	natural	supernatural
foot	print	footprint	out	door	outdoor	surf	board	surfboard
fore	cast	forecast	out	field	outfield	tail	gate	tailgate
fore	see	foresee	out	fit	outfit	tea	cup	teacup
for	got	forget	out	grow	outgrow	tea	pot	teapot
for	give	forgive	out	law	outlaw	thunder	storm	thunderstorm
four	fold	fourfold	out	let	outlet	tight	rope	tightrope
free	drive	free drive	out	number	outnumber	time	table	timetable
friend	ship	friendship	out	patient	outpatient	tomb	stone	tombstone
gentle	man	gentleman	out	post	outpost	tool	box	toolbox
gold	fish	goldfish	out	run	outrun	tool	kit	toolkit
good	day	good day	out	side	outside	tooth	ache	toothache
good	will	goodwill	out	sourcing	outsourcing	tooth	brush	toothbrush
grand	father	grandfather	over	board	overboard	tooth	paste	toothpaste
grand	mother	grandmother	over	dose	overdose	type	write	typewrite
grand	stand	grandstand	over	due	overdue	under	stand	understand
grass	hopper	grasshopper	over	load	overload	walking	stick	walking stick
grave	yard	graveyard	pale	blue	pale blue	wall	paper	wallpaper
green	house	greenhouse	pan	cake	pancake	war	drobe	wardrobe
ground	nut	groundnut	partner	ship	partnership	war	ship	warship
hail	storm	hailstorm	pen	knife	penknife	wash	out	washout
hall	way	hallway	photo	copy	photocopy	water	fall	waterfall
hand	cuff	handcuff	play	ground	playground	water	melon	watermelon
hand	written	handwritten	play	room	playroom	water	proof	waterproof
hard	ware	hardware	pop	corn	popcorn	week	end	weekend
head	ache	headache	post	man	postman	well	defined	well-defined
head	light	headlight	radio	active	radioactive	wheel	barrow	wheelbarrow
head	master	headmaster	rail	way	railway	wheel	chair	wheelchair
head	mistress	headmistress	rain	bow	rainbow	wood	cutter	woodcutter
heart	beat	heartbeat	rain	drops	raindrops	wood	land	woodland
heart	broken	heartbroken	rattle	snake	rattlesnake	wood	pile	woodpile
high	way	highway	ring	guard	ring guard	wood	shed	woodshed
home	work	homework	ring	worm	ringworm	wood	work	woodwork
honey	comb	honeycomb	river	bed	riverbed	wood	worm	woodworm
hook	worm	hookworm	safe	guard	safeguard	your	self	yourself
horse	fly	horsefly	sand	bags	sandbags			

15) Which of the options given below will suit the following sentence?

If the driver had been alert \_\_\_\_\_

- a) the accident can be avoided
- b) the accident could be avoided
- c) the accident could have been avoided

= the accident could have been avoided

Type	Condition	If – Clause	Main Clause
I	Probable	If you <u>work</u> had, (Present)	You <u>will pass</u> (Future)
II	Improbable	If you <u>worked</u> hard (Past)	You <u>would</u> pass
III	Impossible	If you <u>had worked</u> hard (Past perfect)	You <u>would have passed</u>

If – clause i | f v @ [ ck c / I | Present verb (is / are / rain, rains) A k v n t / I | main clause i | f w i l l / c a n i R k k m f

If – clause i | f v @ [ ck c / I | Past verb (were, went, studied) A k v n t / I | main clause i | f w o u l d i R k k m f

If – clause i | f Perfect verb (has / have/ had) A k v n t / I | main clause i | f w o u l d h a v e / c o u l d h a v e i R k k m f

16. Identify the pattern of the following sentence:

- S - SUBJECT
- V - VERB
- O - OBJECT
- A - ADVERBIAL
- C - COMPLEMENT
- IO - INDIRECT OBJECT
- DO - DIRECT OBJECT

- SV - He sang.
- SVO - He sang a song.
- SVC - He was a leader.
- SVA - He sang in Tamil.
- SVOA - He sang a song in Tamil.
- SVIDO - He gave me a pen.
- SVIDOAO - He gave me a pen yesterday.
- SVOC - He called me fool.

**Sentence Pattern**

- Raju woke up. - SV
- He wore his new uniform. - SVO
- He loves his profession. - SVO
- All his patients adore him. - SVO
- We both enjoyed the trip. - SVO
- He was excited. - SVC
- Mr.Raj is a teacher. - SVC
- He is my friend. - SVC
- Dr. Nanjappa is a dentist. - SVC
- His car is painted green. - SVC
- He was going to school. - SVA
- We travelled in his car. - SVA
- He Wrote him a letter. - SVIDO
- His father gave him his school bag. - SVIDO
- He invited me to Sriperumbudur. - SVOA
- I visited the temple at Sriperumbudur. - SVOA
- He has dedicated his life for their welfare. - SVOA
- He treats his patients at his clinic. - SVOA
- He shows kindness to his patients. - SVOC
- Reading made him a complete man. - SVOC
- He works cheerfully throughout the day. - SVAA

17) Choose the correct question tag for the following statement:  
Students should be allowed to use the library everyday.

- a) should they
- b) isn't it
- c) shouldn't they = shouldn't they

1. Mt | l | Helping verb | k | k | | Dp | Hk | k | > v | | Dm |

2. Helping verb i | l | @ | < y | | l | Simple Verb | p |

- p [ | v R m / B p r k k > v ] | Dm |
- see = do + see
- sees = does + see
- saw = did + see

3. a > t / D not | c | > c r i t | T C R k k k | k | < k / q | q | > v | | Dm |

4. a D t | T pronoun | e Z t > v | | Dm |

5. k @ d c y | l | f ? | c | > c r i k k > v | | Dm |

1. Positive sentences take negative tags.

> n r m @ b v / k k y t t [ | f Question tag e t r m @ b y / k a @ m k k > v ] | Dm |

- a. She will be here soon, won't she?
- b. There was a lot of problem. Wasn't there?

2. Negative sentences take positive tags.

e t r m @ b v / k k y t t [ | f Question tag > n r m @ b y / k a @ m k k > v ] | Dm |

- a. She won't be late. Will she?
- b. They don't like it. Do they?

3. Words like few, rarely, hardly, little, scarcely, seldom, none and never form negative sentence. Use positive tag.

- a. He is scarcely aware of the tragedy, is he?
- b. They seldom see each other nowadays, do they?

4. Suggestion:

- a. Let us play hockey, shall we?
- b. Let me go for a walk, shall I?

Note: am + not = ain't (or) aren't  
will + not = won't  
shall + not = shan't  
can + not = can't

- |                                                            |                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| He is clever.                                              | He is clever, isn't he?     |
| Selvi is clever.                                           | Selvi is clever, isn't she? |
| I am good.                                                 | I am good, aren't I?        |
| They are bad.                                              | They are bad, aren't they?  |
| He has books.                                              | He has books, hasn't he?    |
| Prices are high.                                           | Aren't they?                |
| Prices are not high.                                       | Are they?                   |
| You have finished your work.                               | Haven't you?                |
| You smoke.                                                 | Don't you?                  |
| Your father does not play cricket.                         | Does he?                    |
| Your friend will meet me.                                  | Won't he?                   |
| Shakila can't speak English well, -----?                   | Can she?                    |
| She is not taken food.                                     | Is she?                     |
| Stop talking -----?                                        | Won't you?                  |
| The boys are playing cricket.                              | Aren't they?                |
| The boys will not meet you.                                | Will they?                  |
| The boys write well.                                       | Don't they?                 |
| The bus <u>is</u> early today,                             | <u>isn't it?</u>            |
| There is no water in the tank,                             | <u>is there?</u>            |
| People ought to keep the streets clean,                    | <u>oughtn't they?</u>       |
| I shall carry the bags for you,                            | <u>shan't I?</u>            |
| The conductor <u>will not give</u> you change for Rs. 10/- | <u>will he?</u>             |
| Our team <u>will win</u> the match,                        | <u>won't it?</u>            |
| The flag <u>has</u> four colours on it,                    | <u>hasn't it?</u>           |
| I <u>haven't answered</u> your questions,                  | <u>have I?</u>              |
| Plants <u>give out</u> oxygen during the day,              | <u>don't they?</u>          |
| You <u>should treat</u> each other with respect,           | <u>shouldn't you?</u>       |

18. Complete the sentence:  
No other girl in the class is \_\_\_\_\_ Kamla.  
(a) most clever as (b) more cleverer as (c) as clever as  
= as clever as

Note :

Positive degree → as + Adj + as → as sweet as  
Comparative degree → Adj + er + than → sweeter than  
→ more + adj + than → more beautiful than  
Superlative degree → the + Adj + est → the sweetest  
→ the + most + adj → most beautiful

Abdul is not so tall as Anbu.

Anbu is taller than Abdul

Mala is as tall as Kala.

Kala is not taller than Mala.

No other animal is so big as the elephant.

The elephant is bigger than any other animal.

The elephant is the biggest of all animals.

Very few Tamil poets were as great as Kambar.

Kambar was greater than most other Tamil poets.

Kambar was one of the greatest Tamil poets.

### Degrees of Comparison

The girl runs as fast as the boy.

She types as quickly as her tutor.

Her pen doesn't write as smoothly as his.

The servant cooks as deliciously as my mother.

The girl isn't as fast as the boy.

She is as good as he is.

Her pen isn't as big as his.

The girl's cycle is as heavy as the boy's.

My old cycle isn't as expensive as a new one.

Of course, it is not so comfortable as the new one.

And it doesn't look as attractive as the new one, either.

Ice is as light as snow.

Your words are not as effective as your father's.

My watch is just as expensive as yours, too.

This soap removes stains as effectively as the other.

He rides as fast as she does.

Bar soap doesn't clean as effectively as soap powder.

The new menu is more expensive than the old menu.

The new waiters are better than old waiters.

The cream cake is richer than the plain cake.

The new sweets are better.

The prices of vegetables are going higher and higher.

It is getting harder and harder.

Shorter the queue the faster the service.

The more expensive the restaurant the heavier the bill.

19. Choose the sentence which correctly conveys the meaning of the sentence given below.

No body can forget how India won her freedom.

(a). Everyone cannot forget how India won her freedom.

(b). Everyone can remember how India won her freedom.

(c). Everyone cannot remember how India won her freedom.

Answer : (b).

Note :

1. Nowhere - anywhere

Nowhere could I find my lost purse.

I could not find my lost purse anywhere.

2. Nothing - anything

Nothing is possible for a lazy man.

Anything is impossible for a lazy man.

3. No sooner than - as soon as.

No sooner did the bell ring than all the students ran home.

As soon as the bell rang, all the students ran home.

4. had better - should

You had better stop talking like this.

You should stop talking like this.

5. None - any

None of these books is yours.

Any of these is not yours.

Negative sentences :

1. We do not have sufficient food for all of us here (barely).

We barely have sufficient food for all of us here.

2. Nathan never listens to me. (hardly).

Nathan hardly listens to me.

3. Buses do not stop here often (Seldom).

Buses seldom stop here.

4. He does not come late to school. (Scarcely)

He scarcely comes late to school.

5. Rajan writes to his mother only once in three months (rarely).

Rajan rarely writes to his mother.

20. Complete the sentence:

\_\_\_\_\_ illness, he retired from his job.

\_\_\_\_\_ the staff he reads the address.

He acted \_\_\_\_\_ my instructions.

Please take this dead rat \_\_\_\_\_ my house.

I took tea this morning \_\_\_\_\_ taking coffee.

From her early days, Joan was \_\_\_\_\_ others.

He placed his box \_\_\_\_\_ the window.

Don't play \_\_\_\_\_ the busy road.

My brother has gone to Madurai \_\_\_\_\_ my father.

National song was sung \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting.

Gandhiji was \_\_\_\_\_ his simplicity.

August 15th 1947 is a \_\_\_\_\_

Gandhi \_\_\_\_\_ eating mutton.

So he earns more than me. \_\_\_\_\_

You don't have to worry \_\_\_\_\_

He \_\_\_\_\_ play tennis during holidays.

The examination started \_\_\_\_\_ ten.

It was \_\_\_\_\_ to score high in mathematics.

The loss did not upset him \_\_\_\_\_.

She is very sensitive \_\_\_\_\_.

He is \_\_\_\_\_ the mischief of his son.

I go to bed early \_\_\_\_\_.

His \_\_\_\_\_ the purse.

She \_\_\_\_\_ get up at five in the morning.

They decided to \_\_\_\_\_ the old house.

Vimala \_\_\_\_\_ in the Olympic competitions.

You are \_\_\_\_\_ go wherever you like.

Don't walk \_\_\_\_\_ the road.

The criminal \_\_\_\_\_ his past life.

Slowly the patient \_\_\_\_\_.

The little girl is \_\_\_\_\_ weeping.

After an enquiry for two hours the police \_\_\_\_\_

The old man died \_\_\_\_\_

By \_\_\_\_\_ he managed to escape.

August 15 th, 1947 is a \_\_\_\_\_.

Did you \_\_\_\_\_ me?

Even \_\_\_\_\_ crisis Sachin remained unfazed.

Gandhiji had a \_\_\_\_\_ for all material things.

Gandhiji put his \_\_\_\_\_ in whatever he did.

Gandhiji was \_\_\_\_\_ his simplicity.

Gandhiji was always \_\_\_\_\_ fear and hatred.

Gandhiji, though thin, was as \_\_\_\_\_.

Gandhiji's philosophy still \_\_\_\_\_.

He \_\_\_\_\_ eating mutton.

He hit on a brilliant idea.

He is \_\_\_\_\_ the dog.

He reeled off lines after lines.

He was \_\_\_\_\_ affairs.

He was \_\_\_\_\_ his wife Kasturba.

He went for the ball.

I \_\_\_\_\_ God.

I found myself completely \_\_\_\_\_.

In the meantime, the second world war \_\_\_\_\_.

It is said of Nehru that he was born with a \_\_\_\_\_.

John is \_\_\_\_\_ Mary.

Nehru stood by Gandhi through \_\_\_\_\_.

Peanuts and goat's milk were a \_\_\_\_\_ of his diet.

Sachin always prefers to be \_\_\_\_\_ publicity.

owing to  
on behalf of  
according to  
away from  
instead of  
different from  
by the side of  
in the middle of  
along with  
as soon as  
famous for  
red letter day  
gave up  
big deal  
on that score  
used to  
at the stroke of  
beyond him  
in the least  
by nature  
blind to  
as a rule  
eyes falls on  
used to  
move out of  
set records  
be free to  
in the middle of  
reflected about  
rose to his feet  
on the verge of  
let him go  
in peace  
stroke of luck  
red-letter day  
talk about  
in the face of  
pet aversion  
heart and soul  
famous for  
free from  
fit as fiddle  
holds good  
gave up  
hit on  
looking after  
reeled off  
at the helm of  
fond of  
went for  
believe in  
at sea  
broke out  
silver spoon  
waiting for  
thick and thin  
part and parcel  
away from

Question No.21 (Infinitive - Gerund)

dislike, enjoy, hate, like >p/[ b verb mbBmf about, on >crhft Verb vntf/I f >k/Hdd i dtft I f gerund [verb + ing] vRmf

agree, decide mbBmf let, too >crhft Verb kqfvntf/I f >k/Hdd i dtft I f [infinitive [to + verb] vRmf

- I don't like \_\_\_\_\_ TV. (see) = seeing
- All the boys love \_\_\_\_\_ (play). = playing
- \_\_\_\_\_ is injurious to health. (smoke) = smoking
- We enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) cinema. = watching
- I am too tired \_\_\_\_\_ (do) the homework. = to do
- I agreed \_\_\_\_\_ (give) my book. = to give

Question No.23 Articles

>k/Hdd i dtft b'k'p' p' [ f vowel (a, e, i, o, u) sound (uy'f'ol ') vntf/I fan vRmf

>k/Hdd i dtft b'k'p' p' [ fconsonant (a, e, i, o, u) sound (<my'f'ol ') vntf/I fa vRmf

>k/Hdd i dtft b'k'p' p' [ fsuperlative, plural vntf/I fthe vRmf

1. a, e, i, o, u, eZ tft' I f A rmp'tft/Lmf 'Yu' e[ b ol 'y' I f vRmf <c/bkQkK M[ f "a" vRmf a union, a European, a university, a useful, a uniform, a eve, a unicorn
2. o eZ tft' I f A rmp'tft/Lmf 'wa' e[ b ol 'y' I f vRmf <c/bkQkK M[ f "a" vRmf a one rupee note, a one eyed giant, such a one
3. h e[ b ol 'y' I f vRmf <c/bkQkK M[ f "a" vRmf a happy man, a horse, a hen, a hare
4. A pencil, a hundred rupee note, a minute. I have a scooter and two bicycles, a hundred, a couple, a dozen.

1. a, e, i, o, u, e[ b ol 'y' I f vRmf <c/bkQkK M[ f "an" vRmf an ass, an elephant, an ink bottle, an orange, an umbrella, an honour, an hour, an honest-man, an hair, an enemy (**Note:** hour, honest, hair e[ b <c/bkqf "h" i f A rmp'tft' Rntf/Lmf <my'kyZ tft ol 'y' I f vRv t/ I f "an" vRmf
2. uy' <rZ tft' I f eZ tft' I f A rmp'tft/Lmf 'em' e[ b ol 'y' I f vRmf <c/bkQkK M[ f "an" vRmf an M.A., an M.P., an M.L.A.

1. >t't'kQkK M[ f "the" vRmf On the 15<sup>th</sup> of August
2. mtcmnftm/[ <c/bkQkK M[ f "the" vRmf The English, The French, The Hindus, The Sikhs
3. first, second, third, kK M[ f "the" vRmf The first child, The second son
4. Superlative Degree kK M[ f "the" vRmf The best boy, The cleverest child
5. p'rp' m/[ kdHdgkQkK M[ f "the" vRmf The Tajmahal, The Pyramids, The Redfort, The Greatwall of China
6. \$ dDp' <pyrkQkK M[ f M[ f "the" vRmf The army, the mob

p' [ vRmf <pyrkQkK M[ f "the" vRmf

1. Associations, organizations, Countries made up of group of states: The U.S.A., The U.K. the U.N.O.
2. Desert and Plateau: The Sahara, The Attagama, The Deccan
3. Directions: The East, The South (as nouns)
4. Great events: The Quit India Movement
5. Groups of Islands: The Andamans, The West Indies
6. Mountain ranges: The Himalayas, The Vindyas, The Alps. Note: Mount Everest, Dodabetta, Hudson Lake
7. Musical Instruments: The Piano, The Veena
8. News papers, Magazines: the Hindu, the Indian Express, the Thinamani, the Thinamalr, the Kumudam, the Kalkandu, the Kalki
9. Political parties: The congress,
10. Rivers: The Ganges, The Krishna, the Themes, the Cauvery, the Palar, the Indu
11. Sacred books: The Bible, The Koran, The Ramyana, The Vedas
12. Seas/Oceans: The Baltic sea, The Pacific Ocean, The Indian Ocean, the Red sea, the Arabic sea
13. Ships and trains: the Victoria, the Queen Elizabeth, the Pandiyan Express, the Tamilnadu Express,
14. Straits, Gulf: The Persian gulf, The Palk, The Gibraltar
15. Unique objects: the sun, the sky, the earth, the moon, the equator, the North pole

Question No.24 Prepositions

Prepositions e[ p@v i @] pPd <c/bkq/Kmf a @v noun, noun phrase mbBmfgerund kK M[ f vRmf

1. before a noun He is fond of sweets.
2. before a noun phrase He is fond of milk sweets.
3. before a gerund he is fond of eating sweets.

Prepositions e[ p@v 3 v@kppDmf

1. Simple prepositions  
in, on, at, to, as, of, up, by, for, off, down, like, near, till, from, over, past, with, after, under, before, round, around, since, during

2. Double prepositions  
into ,onto, from above, from out, from among, from under, from off, from within, over against

3. Phrase prepositions

- |                       |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| according to          | ahead of           |
| along with            | apart from         |
| as well as            | at the bottom of   |
| at the side of        | because of         |
| by means of           | by tint of         |
| by way of             | due to             |
| for fear of           | for lack of        |
| for the sake of       | in accordance with |
| in addition to        | in agreement with  |
| in alliance with      | in case of         |
| in collaboration with | in collision with  |
| in company with       | in comparison with |
| in conformity with    | in connection with |

in consultation with	in continuation of
in contrast to	in contravention of
in course of	in favour of
in front of	in harmony with
in lieu of	in memory of
in modification of	in obedience to
in portion to	in praise of
in preference to	in return for
in spite of	in terms of
in the centre of	in the event of
in the middle of	in the place of
in tune with	instead of
on account of	on behalf of
on top of	other than
out of	owing to
with a view to	with reference to
with respect to	

1. In: i I f

He works in a bank. Birds migrate in winter.  
The milk is in the cup. I will see you in the morning.  
He is in army. He lives in China.

2. On: >m>l

He goes to church on Sundays. My house is on the main road. People are happy on Christmas days.

3. At: a T

He laughs at her. He was at his office. He started at 8 A.M. He met me at noon.

4. By: A I f

He traveled by car. He paid the amount by cash. He was bitten by a dog. He sent the book by post.

5. With: ud[ f

He came with his wife. The man with a scar is a rebel. He fought with courage.

6. For: A k

He has known him for six years. Here is a letter for you. There is no demand for apples. He earns money for his son. He searched the room for his umbrella. This is the drug for fever. He lived here for five years.

7. Since: i RnT

I have not seen you since Monday last.

8. To: kK I went to school. We pray to

God. They listen to music. Can I speak to him? I wrote a letter to him. We pray to God.

9. Up: >m>l

He climbed up Everest. He walked up the stairs.

10. Of: u@dy

He died of grief. She died of hunger. He is the son of a doctor. Tamilnadu is to the south of Andhra Pradesh. The table is made of wood. She is a girl of six years. Mohan lives in the city of Chennai.

11. Over: >m>l

Spread the cloth over the table. (immediately above)

12. Under: k>z

The old man sat under a tree. (implies physical contact) A cat is sitting under the table.

13. After: p'bK

He departed after dinner.

14. Above: m-T The plane flew above the clouds. (some space between)

15. Across: KBk>k

Don't run across the road.

They built a bridge across the river.

16. Against: et'r/k

Gandhiji fought against the British.

17. Along: vZ>y

The dog ran along the road.

I walked along the riverbank.

18. About: pbb`

What do you know about Mercury?

He told me about the accident.

It is a story about a giant.

19. Among: (more than two) U >d

The seven robbers fought among themselves.

He stood among the enemies.

20. Below: k>z The Dead Sea is below the sea level. (some space between)

The boy scored below seventy marks.

21. Beside: pkK tft`l f

He lives beside the sea.

22. Besides: a tft`d [ f >mLmf

Besides a car he owns a bus.

23. Behind: p [ f [ /l f

He hid behind the tree.

There is a temple behind the school.

24. Between: i @d>y

The train runs between Agra and Patna. Between the two schools there is a church. The farmer divided his property between his two sons.

25. During: U >d

I dreamt during my sleep. People suffered very much during the second world war.

26. From: i RnT

He jumped from a bus. He traveled from Vellore to Chennai. Bees go from flower to flower. He works from morning to evening. The war lasted from March to May.

27. Near: a Rk`l f

He lives in a hut near the station.

28. Into (motion): uq>q

The child fell into the well. The dog ran into the house. He plunged into the river. The rat went into the hole.

29. Round:

The earth moves round the sun. They were sitting round the table.

30. Through: vZ>y

The road goes through the tunnel. He looked through the window. The train went through a tunnel.

31. Till: v@r Goodbye till tomorrow.

32. Until: v@r He waited until 10 A.M.

33. Within: a t bKqf

I shall return within an hour.

The thief escaped within seconds.

34. Without: i l l /ml f

We can't live without water.

Students are not allowed without uniform dress.

35. Off: v`DpD`l f The plane took off.

36. Above: >m>l The sun is above.

37. Out: <vq>y I went out for a walk.

38. Before: <p/RQkK M [ f [ /l f

He came before me.

Before: k/l tft`bK M [ f [ /l f

Return my books before Sunday.

39. Around: Cbb`

My dog often comes around me.

From the context of the two sentences given below form a single sentence.

Anand heard that he had won the first prize.  
Anand jumped with joy.  
= When Anand heard that he had won the first prize, he jumped with joy.

I missed the bus. I was late to school.  
= I missed the bus and so I was late to school\*  
= I missed the bus and so I was late to school.

I have some bills. I must pay them.  
= I have some bills and I must pay them.

The boy saw a thief. He cried in fear.  
= The boy saw a thief and he cried in fear.

He won the elections. Everyone congratulated him.  
= He won the elections and everyone congratulated him.

He was sick. He attended the class.  
= He was sick but he attended the class.  
= Though he was sick, he attended the class.

She worked hard. She could not get state rank.  
= Though she worked hard, she could not get state rank.

Sheela is a clever girl. Sheela is the best singer.  
= Sheela is a clever girl and she is the best singer.

You must walk daily. You will be healthy.  
= If you walk daily, you will be healthy.

He had finished his meals. He watched TV.  
= Having finished his meals, he watched TV.

It rained heavily. All trains are stopped.  
= Since it rained heavily, all trains are stopped.

She opened the door. She came in.  
= Opening the door, she came in.

Kannan was not intelligent. He was not diligent.  
= Kannan was neither intelligent nor diligent.

It may rain. We shall stay at home.  
= As it may rain we shall stay at home.

Prem completes his home work. Then he goes to bed.  
= After completing his home work Prem goes to bed.

Prem completes his home work. Then he goes to bed.  
= Prem completes his home work before going to bed.

Rewrite this sentence using the passive voice:

I had sharpened my pencil and I had used it to sketch the diagram.

My pencil had been sharpened and it has been used to sketch a diagram.

You have answered the question correctly so I will give you a gift.  
The question has been answered by you correctly so a gift will be given you by me.

A gift was given to me. It was received with joy.  
They (He) gave a gift to me. I received it with joy.

I found a gold ring on the road.  
A gold ring was found on the road by me.

Rough use will damage the cycle.  
The cycle will be damaged by rough use.

Rough use will damage the cycle.  
The cycle will be damaged by rough use.

Thomson discovered the electrons.

Electrons were discovered by Thomson.  
Thomson discovered the electrons.  
Electrons were discovered by Thomson.  
Shakespeare wrote Hamlet.  
Hamlet was written by Shakespeare.  
The chairman will distribute the prizes.  
The prizes will be distributed by the chairman.  
My uncle has painted the picture.  
The picture has been painted by my uncle.  
The police caught the thief.  
The thief was caught by the police.  
Raja Rajan built the Big temple of Tanjaore.  
The Big temple of Tanjaore was built by Raja Rajan.  
They posted all the letters yesterday.  
The letters were posted by them yesterday.  
The people gave the President a grant welcome.  
The President was given a grant welcome by the people.  
We celebrate the Golden Jubilee of our Independence this year.  
The Golden Jubilee of our Independence is celebrated by us this year.

My sister washes my clothes everyday.  
My clothes are washed by my sister everyday.  
The manager will give you a ticket.  
A ticket will be given to you by the manager.  
The manager will give you a ticket.

You will be given a ticket by the manager.  
Anand will have spent all the money.  
All the money will have been spent by Anand.  
They posted the letters yesterday.

The letters were posted by them yesterday.  
My friend has painted the picture.  
The picture has been painted by my friend.

Thomson discovered the electrons.  
The electrons were discovered by Thomson.  
I will have finished my work.

My work will have been finished by me.  
She will have finished the work.  
The work will have been finished by her.

She will have sung six songs.  
Six songs will have been sung by her.  
I remember my mother taking me to the temple.

I remember being taken to the temple by my mother.  
May God bless all the creatures.  
May all the creatures be blessed by God.

A cat killed a rat. A rat was killed by a cat.  
A dog bit the old man. The old man was bitten by a dog.  
A dog killed a cat. A cat was killed by a dog.

Boys are learning grammar. Grammar is being learnt by boys.  
Can you buy mother? Can mother be bought by you?  
Close the door. Let the door be closed.

Close the window. Let the window be closed.  
Dickens wrote Oliver Twist. Oliver Twist was written by Dickens.

Do it at once. Let it be done at once.  
Does Sita like Ram? Is Ram liked by Sita?  
Don't bring your books in. Let not your books be brought in.

Don't eat this fruit. Let not this fruit be eaten.  
Don't open the door. Let not the door be opened.  
Don't waste your time. Let not your time be wasted.

Give him a cup of milk. Let him be given a cup of milk.  
Give me your pen. Let your pen be given to me.  
Give the order. Let the order be given by you.

Gopi is painting a scene. A scene is being painted by Gopi.  
Have you received any reply? Has any reply been received?  
He ate a mango. A mango was eaten by me.

He closed the doors. The doors were closed by him.  
He closed the window. The window was closed by him.  
He has eaten mangoes. Mangoes have eaten by them.

He has seen a picture. A picture has seen by him.  
He saw a picture. A picture was seen by him.  
He sees a picture. A picture is seen by him.

He will dislike me. I shall be disliked by him.  
He will play chess. Chess will be played by him.  
He writes a letter. A letter is written by him.

Help the poor.	Let the poor be helped.	They were planting trees.	Trees were being planted by them.
I am drinking tea.	Tea is being drunk by me.	We can see the comet.	The comet can be seen by us.
I am selling books.	Books are being sold by me.	We eat mangoes.	Mangoes are eaten by us.
I am writing a letter.	A letter is being written by me.	We had solved the problem.	The problem has been solved by us.
I bought a book.	A book was bought by me.	We have seen the film.	The film has been seen by us.
I can lift the table.	The table can be lifted by me.	Who bought this house?	By whom was this house bought?
I have finished my work.	My work has been finished by me.	Who taught you English?	By whom were you taught English?
I have written a letter.	A letter had been written by me.	Why did you sell the car?	Why was the car sold by you?
I shall have written a letter.	A letter will have been written by me.	You listen to the music.	Music is listened to by you.
I shall write a letter.	A letter will be written by me.		
I want to eat mangoes.	I want mangoes to be eaten by me.	Where did you keep the Scooter?	
I want to shoot the lion.	I want the lion to be shot.	Where was the Scooter kept by you?	
I was writing a letter.	A letter was being written by me.	Boys and not girls made these toys.	
I wrote a letter.	A letter was written by me.	These toys were made by boys, not by girls.	
James ate many cakes.	Many cakes were eaten by James.	Captain Cook explored the Pacific Ocean.	
John is writing letters.	Letters are being written by John.	The Pacific Ocean was explored by Captain Cook.	
Kambar wrote Ramayana.	Ramayana was written by Kambar.	Charley Bates brought Oliver Twist to Fagin.	
Kumaran is making a kite.	A kite is being made by Kumaran.	Oliver Twist was brought to Fagin by Charley Bates.	
Love the sick.	Let the sick be loved.	Edison invented the electric lamp.	
Mala is reading a novel.	A novel is being read by Mala.	The electric lamp was invented by Edison.	
Mr. John drove the car fast.	The car was driven fast by Mr. John.	Everyone admires our Principal.	
My father gave me a pen.	A pen was given to me by my father.	Our Principal is admired by everyone.	
My father gave me a pen.	I was given a pen by my father.	Everyone admires our Principal.	
Open the windows.	Let the windows be opened.	Our Principal is admired by everyone.	
Pieter did a heroic thing.	A heroic thing was done by Pieter.	Ford company manufactures beautiful cars.	
Please keep this place clean.	Let your shoes be removed.	Beautiful cars are manufactured by Ford company.	
Please remove your shoes.	Let your pen be given to me.	Joe can find a solution to the problem.	
Rajam is selling oranges.	Oranges are being sold by Rajam.	A solution to the problem can be found by Joe.	
Rajan ate a fruit.	A fruit was eaten by Rajan.	Many consider AIDS to be a dangerous disease.	
Ram buys a small toy.	A small toy is bought by Ram.	AIDS is considered to be a dangerous disease.	
Ram teaches English.	English is taught by Ram.	Many consider AIDS to be a dangerous disease.	
Ram was cleaning the car.	The car was being cleaned by Ram.	Someone stole away her jewels.	
Rama killed Ravana.	Ravana was killed by Rama.	Her jewels were stolen away.	
Ravi had painted the door.	The road had been painted by Ravi.	AIDS is considered to be a dangerous disease by many.	
Shakespeare wrote Hamlet.	Hamlet was written by Shakespeare.	Mother Teresa had served the poor.	
She asks me to leave.	I am asked to leave by her.	The poor had been served by Mother Teresa.	
She ate mangoes.	Mangoes were eaten by her.	Mr. Gopu drove the scooter fast.	
She brought me a cup of tea.	I was brought a cup of tea by her.	The scooter was driven fast by Mr. Gopu.	
She doesn't know driving.	Driving is not known by her.	My friend teaches me swimming.	
She has seen the film.	The film has been seen by her.	Swimming is taught me by my friend.	
She has sold the fruits.	The fruits have been sold by her.	Our conscience makes us cowards.	
She is making garlands.	Garlands are being made by her.	We are made cowards by our conscience.	
She looks after her child.	Her child is looked after by her.	Our district collector will preside over the function.	
She loves me.	I am loved by her.	The function will be presided over by our District Collector.	
She sang a song.	A song was sung by her.	People all over the world speak English.	
She sings a song.	A song is sung by her.	English is spoken all over the world.	
She sold bananas.	Bananas were sold by her.	People all over the world speak English.	
She will finish the work.	The work will be finished by her.	English is spoken all over the world.	
She will finish the work.	This work will be finished by her.	People will remember the name of Gandhi all over the world.	
She will sing a song.	A song will be sung by her.	The name of Gandhi will remembered for ever all over the world.	
She will write a letter.	A letter will be written by her.	Please keep this place clean.	
Shut the window.	Let the window be shut.	You are requested to keep this place clean.	
Shut up your mouth.	Let your mouth be shut.	Please, read this lesson at home.	
Sing a song.	Let a song be sung.	You are requested to read his lesson at home.	
Sita has offered a gift.	A gift has been offered to me by Sita.	Please, read this lesson at home.	
Sita has offered a gift.	I have been offered a gift by Sita.	You are requested to read his lesson at home.	
Sita sings a song.	A song is sung by Sita.	Ponnan has cleaned the room already.	
Smith teaches Hindi.	Hindi is taught to me by Smith.	The room has been cleaned already by Ponnan.	
Someone has stolen my pen.	My pen has been stolen.	Raju has typed ten letters so far.	
South Indians eat Iddlies.	Iddlies are eaten by South Indians.	Ten letters have been typed by Raju so far.	
The boy had stolen my pen.	My pen had been stolen by the boy.	Raju has typed ten letters so far.	
The boy plays chess.	Chess is played the boy.	Ten letters have been typed by Raju so far.	
The boys laughed at Ram.	Ram was laughed at by the boys.	Ravi's parents will take him to Vellore for a medical check up next week.	
The child eats the fruit.	The fruit is eaten by the child.	Ravi will be taken by his parents for a medical check up to Vellore next week.	
The dog bit Ragu.	Ragu was bitten by the dog.	Sengupta had told him about the accident.	
The dog bites me.	I am bitten by the dog.	He had been told about the accident by Sengupta.	
The hunter shot a lion.	A lion was shot by a hunter.	Shahjahan built the Taj Mahal.	
The officer bought files.	Files were bought by the officer.	The Taj Mahal was built by Shahjahan.	
The students do exercises.	Exercises are done by the students.	She is arranging her books now.	
They are building a wall.	A wall is being built by them.	Her books are being arranged by her now.	
They buy mangoes.	Mangoes are bought by them.	She is collecting the flowers.	
They made him king.	He was made king by them.	The flowers are being collected by her.	
They made me do it.	I was made to do it by them.		
They sell fruits.	Fruits are sold by them.		

She will have finished her work.  
The work will have been finished by her.  
Some boys were helping the wounded man.  
The wounded man was being helped by some boys.  
Somebody would have found it if they had tired.  
If they had tired, it would have been found by somebody.  
The Bishop will preach the sermon.  
The sermon will be preached by the Bishop.  
The boys are cleaning the windows.  
The windows are being cleaned by the boys.  
The boys will sing the National Anthem.  
The National Anthem will be sung by the boys.  
The cat is killing the rat then.  
The rat was being killed by the cat then.  
The children are singing the National Anthem.  
The National Anthem is being sung by the children.  
The cobbler is mending my shoes.  
My shoes are being mended by the cobbler.  
The cobbler mends my shoes.  
My shoes are mended by the cobbler.  
The collector will conduct an enquiry into the incident.  
An enquiry into the incident will be conducted by the collector.  
The English sent Nehruji to jail.  
Nehruji was sent to jail by the English.  
The farmers are ploughing the fields.  
The fields are being ploughed by the farmers.  
The fire has burnt down the entire village.  
The entire village has been burnt down by the fire.  
The firemen put out the fire after an hour.  
The fire was put out after an hour.  
The girls were watering the plants.  
The plants were being watered by the girls.  
The Governor received the president.  
The President of India was received by the Governor.  
The hunter shot a deer dead.  
A deer was shot dead by the hunter.  
The hunter shot a deer dead.  
A deer was shot dead by the hunter.  
The judge sentenced the murderer to life imprisonment.  
The murderer was sentenced to life imprisonment.  
The management has dismissed many labourers.  
Many labourers had been dismissed by the management.  
The manager advised her to come on time.  
She was advised to come on time by the manager.  
The mason is building a wall.  
A wall is being built by the mason.

Rewrite this sentence using the active voice:

My watch has been stolen and it hasn't been recovered yet.  
Somebody has stolen my watch and I haven't recovered yet.  
Children like cartoon serials very much and they eat snacks while watching television.  
Cartoon serials are liked very much by the children and snacks are eaten by them while watching television.  
Santa Claus gave sweets to all the children and they thanked him profusely.  
Sweets were given to all the children by Santa Claus and he was thanked profusely by them.  
Rama killed Ravanna. Ravanna was killed by Rama.  
Rani is eating a mango. A mango is being eaten by Rani.

Rewrite this sentence in indirect speech:

Jeevan said to his teacher, "I cannot understand this lesson. Will you teach it to me once again?"  
Jeevan told his teacher that he could not understand that lesson and he also asked if she would teach it to him once again.  
Mohan said to his friend, "Have you ever been to the beach? Shall we go there this evening?"  
Mohan asked his friend if he had ever been to the beach and he asked if they would go there that evening.  
She said that she had written to her the previous day.

She said, "I wrote to her yesterday."  
He said, "I will be in New York on Sunday"  
He said that he would be in New York on Sunday.  
The teacher said to Mohan, "Why were you absent to school yesterday?"  
The teacher asked Mohan why he had been absent to school the previous day.  
All the visitors said, "What an excellent sculpture it is!"  
All the visitors exclaimed that it was an excellent sculpture.  
Raju said, "I am going to Ooty for the holidays."  
Raju said that he was going to Ooty for the holidays.  
The headmaster said to Mohan, "Bring your father to school tomorrow."  
The headmaster asked Mohan to bring his father to school the next day.  
The old woman said to the student, "Please help me to cross the street".  
The old woman requested the student to help her to cross the street.  
Mr. Cheri said to his driver, "Drop me at my office and pick me up at 3 pm."  
Mr. Cheri asked his driver to drop him at his office and to pick him up at 3 pm.  
Nagaraj said to his father, "Will you allow me to go on an excursion to Kerala?"  
Nagaraj asked his father if he would allow him to go on excursion to Kerala.  
The teacher said to the boys, "Where do you want to go?"  
The teacher asked the boys where they wanted to go.  
The tourist said, "How beautiful the Taj Mahal is!"  
The tourist exclaimed that the Taj Mahal was very beautiful.  
"What a nice gift this is!" said Kala.  
Kala exclaimed that it was a very nice gift.  
He said, "How beautiful the Taj Mahal is!"  
He exclaimed that the Taj Mahal was very beautiful.  
My uncle said to me. "Wish you good luck."  
My uncle wished me good luck.  
The boy said, "Alas! My mother is dead."  
The boy exclaimed in sorrow that his mother was dead.  
The boys said, "Hurrah! We have won the match!"  
The boys exclaimed in joy that they had won the match.  
The girl said, "Alas! I have lost my purse."  
The girl exclaimed in sorrow that she had lost her purse.  
The teacher said, "How intelligent Ram is!"  
The teacher exclaimed that Ram was very intelligent Ram.  
The visitor said, "What a beautiful flower the rose is!"  
The visitor exclaimed that the rose was a beautiful flower.  
He said to me, "Please wait here."  
He requested me to wait here.  
My father said to me, "Don't read so fast."  
My father told me not to read so fast.  
My teacher said to me, "Don't read loudly."  
My teacher told me not to read loudly.  
The master said to the servant, "Bring me a cup of tea."  
The master ordered the servant to bring him a cup of tea.  
The master said to the servant, "Go and bring me a cup of tea."  
The master ordered the servant to go and bring him a cup of tea.  
The old man said to me, "Please give me some food."  
The old man requested me to give him some food.  
The teacher said to the boy, "Work hard to get the first rank."  
The teacher advised the boy to work hard to get the first rank.  
The General said to his soldiers, "Open fire."  
The General ordered his soldiers to open fire.  
The headmaster said to the students, "Keep school clean."  
The headmaster advised the students to keep school clean.  
Many said to his brother, "Don't sit idle. Do something useful."  
Many advised his brother not to sit idle, but to do something useful.  
The teacher said to the boys, "Listen to me properly."  
The teacher advised the boys to listen to him properly.  
Raju said to his father, "Please get me a cycle."  
Raju requested his father to get him a cycle.  
Leela asked Meena, "Please lend me your bicycle."  
Leela requested Meena to lend her, her bicycle.

Mother said to her child, "Don't touch the burning candle."  
Mother said told her child not to touch the burning candle.  
My father said to me, "Don't play with fire."  
My father told me not to play with fire.  
She said to her mother, "Please help this poor boy."  
She requested her mother to help that poor boy.  
Ram said to Kamal, "Are you going home?"  
Ram asked Kamal if she was going home.  
The boy said to his mother, "When will my lunch be ready?"  
The boy asked his mother when his lunch would be ready.  
The teacher said to the boy, "Have you not brought your progress card?"  
The teacher asked the boy if he had brought his progress card.  
The teacher said to the boy, "What are you doing?"  
The teacher asked the boy what he was doing.  
"Little girl", said I, "why are you weeping?"  
I asked the little girl why she was weeping.  
He said, "Who are you, little girl?"  
He asked the little girl who she was.  
"Where are you going now?" said Ravi to his friend.  
Ravi asked his friend where he was going.  
My father said to me, "Did anyone come to see me yesterday."  
My father asked me whether anyone came to see him the previous day.  
Kumar said to Raju, "Are you going to join NCC?"  
Kumar asked Raju whether he was going to join NCC.  
"Have you ever been to Kodaikanal?" my friend asked me.  
My friend asked me if I had ever been to Kodaikanal.  
The conductor said to the passenger, "Have you received your ticket?"  
The conductor asked the passenger if he had received his ticket.  
Our principal said to us, "You have paid your fees?"  
Our principal asked us if we had paid our fees.  
Kandhan asked Rangan, "Why did you soak the blanket in water?"  
Kandhan asked Rangan why he had soaked the blanket in water.  
Raja said to Ram, "What is your father?"  
Raja asked Ram what his father was.  
He said, "I am busy now."  
He said that he was busy now.  
Kamala said to her father, "I am busy now."  
Kamala told her father that she was busy then.  
Kamala said to her mother, "I want to buy these bangales."  
Kamala told her mother that she wanted to buy those bangales.  
Kamala says, "I like this book."  
Kamala says that she likes that book.  
Leela said to her father, "I am not well today."  
Leela told her father that she was not well that day.  
Ram said to his father, "I am unwell."  
Ram told his father that he was unwell.  
The boy said to me, "My friend visited here last week."  
The boy told me that his friend visited there the week before.  
The boy said to the teacher, "I shall bring my father tomorrow."  
The boy told the teacher that he would bring his father the next day.  
The boy said, "I can speak English."  
The boy said that he could speak English.  
The girl said, "I am regular in my home work."  
The girl said that she was regular in her home work.  
The teacher said, "The sun rises in the east."  
The teacher said that the sun rises in the east.  
He said, "I am going to school now."  
He said that he was going to school then.  
He said, "I am writing a letter."  
He said that he was writing a letter.  
I said to him, "You have done it well."  
I told him that he had done it well.  
She said, "I shall meet you tomorrow."  
She said that she would meet me the next day.  
She said, "I met Gopu several times."  
She said that she had met Gopu several times.  
Sita said, "I will go home at once."  
Sita said that she would go home at once.  
He said, "I can do it." He said that he could do it.

She said, "I must go there." She said that she must go there.  
Raju said, "I may start early." Raju said that he might start early.  
She said, "I could sing well." She said that she could sing well.  
Mala said to her mother, "I had already revised all my lessons."  
Mala told her mother that she had already revised all her lessons.  
Shakunthala invited Radha to dine with her that day.  
Shakunthala requested Radha, "Please come to dine with me today."  
He said, "My horse died yesterday."  
He told that his horse had died the day before.  
John said to his son, "I want to meet your teacher."  
John told his son that he wanted to meet his teacher.  
Bala said to his friend, "I am playing chess with my sister now."  
Bala told his friend that he was playing chess with his sister then.  
The neighbour said to me, "I have a letter for you."  
The neighbour told me that he had a letter for me.  
Raju says that he likes reading books.  
Raju says, "I like reading books."

Rewrite this sentence in direct speech:

Pritam asked the shopkeeper whether he would exchange the defective torch which he had bought from him the previous day.  
Pritam said to the shopkeeper, "Will you exchange the defective torch which I bought from you yesterday?"  
I exclaimed with regret that I had forgotten to bring my pen.  
I said, "Oh! Sorry, I have forgotten to bring my pen."  
Balan told his mother that he was preparing for his examination and so he could not go with her to the movie.  
Balan said to his mother, "I am preparing for my exam and so I cannot come with you to the movie."  
Mala told Shanthi that she had completed her assignment and she needed to take rest for some time.  
Mala said to Shanthi, "I have completed my assignment and I need to take rest for some time."  
She said that she had written to her the previous day.  
She said, "I wrote to her yesterday."  
She told Rama that she would come with him to the forests.  
She said to Rama, "I will (shall) come with you to the forest."  
The doctor asked the patient if he slept well the day before.  
The doctor said to the patient, "Did you sleep well yesterday?"  
The teacher advised the boys not to waste their precious time.  
The teacher said to the boys, "Don't waste your precious time."  
Leela requested Meena to lend her, her bicycle.  
Leela said to Meena, "Please, lend me your bicycle."  
Ravi asked Rani when she would return his book.  
Ravi said to Rani, "When will you return my book?"  
The teacher asked the boys not to speak ill of others.  
The teacher said to the boys, "Don't speak ill of others."  
My friend said that it was a very beautiful view.  
My friend said, "It is a very beautiful view."  
The teacher asked the students if they had done the problem which he had given to them the previous day.  
The teacher said to the students, "Have you done the problem which I have given to you yesterday?"  
Praveen told me that he did not go to movies often.  
Praveen said to me, "I do not go to movies often."  
Bhalaji exclaimed that I had rendered him a good deed.  
Bhalaji said, "What a good deed you have rendered!"  
Naveen asked his brother if he would accompany him to the provision store.  
Naveen said to his brother, "Will you accompany me to the provision store?"  
The Headmaster advised us to switch off the fans when we left the class.  
The Headmaster said to us, "Switch off the fans when you left the class."  
Selvan wondered if he could climb that hill.  
Selvan said, "Can you climb this hill?"  
The teacher told Rangan that she was happy to see that he had done the exercises correctly.  
The teacher said to Rangan, "I am happy to see that you have done the exercises correctly."

If Clause

Type	Condition	If – Clause	Main Clause
I	Probable	If you <u>work</u> had, (Present)	You <u>will pass</u> (Future)
II	Improbable	If you <u>worked</u> hard (Past)	You <u>would</u> pass
III	Impossible	If you <u>had worked</u> hard (Past perfect)	You <u>would have passed</u>

If – clause i I f v @ [ c k c / I Present verb (is / are / rain, rains) A k v n f t / I f main clause i I f will / can i R k i K m i

If – clause i I f v @ [ c k c / I Past verb (were, went, studied) A k v n f t / I f main clause i I f would i R k i K m i

If – clause i I f Perfect verb (has / have/ had) A k v n f t / I f main clause i I f would have / could have i R k i K m i

- If Gopu has money, he will buy a new shirt.
- If he dropped the flask, it would break.
- If he had not helped me, I would have failed.
- If he had stayed back, John would have met him.
- If he had studied hard, he would have passed.
- If he had told me, I would have been ready.
- If he played well, he would win the prize.
- If he sent me an invitation, I would have attended the marriage.
- If he studied more, he would pass the exam.
- If he studied well, he would pass the exam
- If he went late, he would not get water
- If I finish my home work, I will watch the television.
- If I had gone home late, I wouldn't have met my friend.
- If I had more money, I would buy a BMW car.
- If I had run faster, I would have succeeded in the race.
- If I had stayed back, he would not have missed me.
- If I had walked fast, I would not have missed the bus.
- If I had won the competition, life would have been different for me.
- If I learnt to dance, I would open a dance school.
- If I went home early, I would eat my dinner.
- If I went to Agra, I would see Taj Mahal.
- If I were a bird, I would fly in the sky.
- If I were a fish, I would live in water.
- If I were a millionaire, I would help aged people.
- If I were a rich man, I would buy a car.
- If I were an angel, I would touch the sun.
- If I were lucky, I would meet Sachin.
- If I were the headmaster, I would give more holidays.
- If I were the king of England, I would live in London.
- If I were you, I would finish it at once.
- If I were you, I would not behave like this.
- If I won a lottery, I would buy a car.
- If I won a lottery, I would spend for the poor.
- If I wrote a book, I would get Padma Sree award.
- If India were to win, they should have the killer instinct.
- If it rains, I shall get wet.
- If it rains, I will take an umbrella.
- If it rains, we will stay at home.
- If Naveen is late, he will be punished
- If one drank poison, he would die.
- If Raj had lost in the election, he would not have become an MP.
- If Rani had won the medal, she would be happy.
- If Ravi works hard, he will get good marks.
- If Sachin had not played well, India would have lost.
- If she dropped the glass, it would break to pieces.
- If he had seen me, he would have called me for help.
- If she had time, she would meet us.
- If she stayed at home, she would be bored.
- If she studied more, she would pass the exam.
- If she takes medicines, she can recover early.
- If the test is held tomorrow, I will sit up late and study.
- If they had succeeded, they would have been happy.
- If we got out of the gate, the dog would bite us.
- If you come to school late, you will be punished.
- If you feel sick, go to the doctor.
- If you had not done your home work, do it now.
- If you have a ticket, you can go into the theatre.
- If you lend me some money, I can buy a new car

- If you read well, you will pass the examination.
- If you sleep too much, You will feel lazy.
- If you waste water, you will suffer
- If you watch TV for long hours, you will get poor marks.
- If you work hard, you will get a rank.
- If you work in haste, you will go wrong.

- The glass falls. The glass breaks. = If the glass falls, it will break.
- Muthu did not perform well. He was not selected.
- = If Muthu had performed well, he would have been selected.
- I forgot the answer. I lost marks.
- = If I had not forgotten the answer, I would not have lost marks.
- Mala did not start early. She was late to school.
- = If Mala had started early she would not have been late to school.
- CBI takes up the case. A lot of facts will be revealed.
- = If CBI takes up the case, a lot of facts will be revealed.
- The weather improves. We will drive down to Rameshwaran.
- = If the weather improves, we will drive down to Rameshwaram.
- You waste water. You suffer. = If you waste water, you will suffer.
- Run fast. You can catch the bus.
- = If you run fast, you will catch the bus.
- You are tired. You take rest. = If you are tired, you can take rest.
- The mother prepares the food. The daughter lays the table ready.
- = If the mother prepares the food, the daughter will lay the table ready.
- Raju did not study well. He will not pass.
- = If Raju did not study well, he would not pass.
- Heat the ice. It will melt. = If you heat the ice, it will melt.
- Work hard. You will pass in the exam.
- = If you work had, you will pass in the exam.
- I won a lottery. I buy a BMW car.
- = If I won a lottery, I would buy a BMW car.
- I went Newyork. I saw Obama.
- = If I went to New York, I would saw Obama.

Read the following sentences and write an observation in a single sentence using any one of the degrees of comparison.

Smitha is 5 feet tall. Kumar is 4.5 feet tall. Prem is 5.5 feet tall. Nina is 3.5 feet tall. Mohan is 6 feet tall.	Prem is taller than Kumar.
Mani's shirt costs Rs.75. Gokul's shirt costs Rs.65. Venu's shirt costs Rs.90. Vivek's shirt costs Rs. 150.	Vivek's shirt is costlier than Venu's shirt.
Seema's ribbon is 15 cm long. Neela's ribbon is 18 cm long. Kamala's ribbon is 12 cm long. Vimala's ribbon is 20 cm long.	Vimala's ribbon is longer than Neela's ribbon.
Bindu woke up at 5.00 am Suji woke up at 6.00 am Kamesh woke up at 7.30 am Ritu woke up at 6.00 am Manu woke up at 9.00 am	Bindu woke up earlier than Suji and Ritu.
Raghu bought 11 apples. Mamta bought 9 apples. Deepa bought 7 apples. Gullu bought 5 apples.	Raghu bought more apples than Mamta.
Deepak scored 99 runs. Mithu scored 100 runs. Sekhar scores 75 runs. Sumeeth scores 50 runs.	Mithu scored more runs than Deepak.
Babu is 5 feet tall. Julie is 6 feet tall. Mithun is 6 feet tall. Tony is 5 feet tall. Vimal is 5.5 feet tall.	Julie is taller than Babu.
Rama is 14 year old. Ravi is 13 year old. Kumar is 11 year old. Priya is 17 year old. Prema is 10 year old.	Rama is elder than Ravi.
The cost of brinjal is Rs. 30/kg. The cost of onion is Rs. 45/kg. The cost of bitterguard is Rs. 25/kg. The cost of tomato is Rs. 23/kg. The cost of potato is Rs. 40/kg.	Bitter guard is costlier than tomato.

### Unit – 1 – THE MODEL MILLIONAIRE

1. What was Hughie's financial status?  
Hughie was poor and unemployed. He did not know how to earn money.

2. Why was Hughie Upset?  
Hughie was unable to fulfil the colonel's condition. So, he was upset.

3. What made the oldman look a typical beggar?  
The old man's face was dried up, wrinkled and sad. He held out his battered hat for alms. This made the old man look like a typical beggar.

4. What was the beggar's true identity?  
The beggar was Mr. Baron Hausberg. One of the richest men in Europe.

5. Why did Hughie fear an adverse reaction from the Baron?  
Hughie had treated the Baron like a beggar. So Hughie feared an adverse reaction from the baron.

6. Why did Hughie wish to apologise to the Baron?  
Hughie had treated the Baron like a beggar. So he wished to apologise to him.

7. How did Hughie grow angry with Trevor?  
Trevor had explained Hughie's personal affairs to the old model. So Hughie grew angry with him.

8. Differentiate "Millionaire Models" and model Millionaires?  
Millionaire models → Models Who pose themselves as millionaires.

Model millionaires → Millionaires who live as a model example to other millionaires in the society.

9. Attempt a Character sketch of  
a) Hughie → Hughie is poor but kind. He won't share his affairs with others.

b) The Baron → The Baron is generous and forgiving. He rewards Hughie, who mistook him for a beggar.

### THE MODEL MILLIONAIRE

Hughie was a young man. He had no job. He wanted to marry Laura. Laura's father asked him to earn 10,000 pounds for their engagement. Hearing it, Hughie was upset. He visited Trevor his friend. Then, Trevor was painting a beggar's picture. The beggar's face looked sad. Hughie took pity on him and gave him a sovereign. But he was really a millionaire namely Baron Hausberg. He had learnt his condition. He sent Hughie a cheque for 10,000 pounds. It was his present for Hughie's marriage.

### MILLIONAIRE

A millionaire is happy when the world is sad. He is like a creature making the life's sound an evil cry. Good men do honest deeds. Brave men die for honour. But the millionaire gets honour by using gold. Many people suffer hunger, rags and homelessness. But the millionaire is selfish. He earns money dishonestly.

### Unit – 2 – MUSIC – THE HOPE RAISER

1. How is music different from astronomy?  
Music is the study of relationship between invisible and internal hidden objects.

But astronomy is the study of relationship between observable and external objects.

2. How did Messiaen spend his time in prison?  
In prison, Messiaen wrote a music composition – "Quartet for the End of Time"

3. Why did art find a place even in concentration camps?  
Art is essential for life. It is a part of survival. So, it found a place even in concentration camps.

4. What is the Significance of art?  
Art is part of Survival. It is an expression of our selves.

5. Why didn't the narrator play the piano after the terrible incident?  
The narrator was completely lost. So, he didn't play the piano after the terrible incident.

6. Why isn't music an extravaganza or a hobby?

Music is a basic need of human Survival. It helps to express our feelings. So, it isn't an extravaganza or a hobby.  
7. What are the two incidents that stress the importance as music as an essential art?

Incident 1: Messiaen wrote a music composition in jail.  
Incident 2: The Americans sang songs inspite of the terrible incident on Sep 11, 2001

### MUSIC – THE HOPE RAISER

Art is a part of survival. It is a part of our soul. It is an expression of our self. Messiaen wrote a music composition in jail. Thus music found a place even in concentration camps. The twin towers of America were destroyed by terrorists. The Americans sang "We shall overcome" and "America The Beautiful" in the same evening. Recovery was done by music. Thus art is a part of the human spirit.

### PIANO

The poet hears a woman's song. It remains him his mother's song. As a child he was sitting under the piano. He was hearing the boom of the strings. Then, he pressed his mother's feet. In Sunday evenings, he sang hymns. His childhood days attract him. He wept for the past.

### Unit – 3 – A GOLDEN PATH

1. Which period of life does Gohale consider a happy one?  
Gokhale considers studenthood a very happy period of life.

2. What is the two fold duty to be acquired by students?  
Acquiring knowledge and acquiring characters is the two fold duties to be acquired by students.

3. What kind of Character should you acquire when you are a student?  
As a student, I should acquire a character of action and generous sentiments. It should also raise the life of people around me.

4. How would you define the true spirit of discipline?  
A feeling of reverence for the teacher is the true spirit of discipline.

5. What are the two valuable qualities to be practiced by you as students?

1. Obedience to parents  
2. Reverence to Teachers are the two valuable qualities to be practiced by us as students.

6. What should be the student's attitude towards the government?  
Loyal acceptance should be the student's attitude towards the government.

7. Prepare a list of all the responsibilities you now face as a student

1. I have to listen to the lessons taught.  
2. I have to study them at home  
3. I have to do my home work daily  
4. I have to get good marks in exams.

8. Will acquisition of knowledge alone help you achieve success in life? Why?

No, acquisition of knowledge, alone won't help me achieve success in life, because success in life depends more upon character than upon knowledge.

### A GOLDEN PATH

Success depends more upon character. A student should get knowledge as well as good character. Our character should have energy of action. It should also raise the life of people around us. Acquiring knowledge and acquiring character is the two fold duty to be acquired by students. They should obey their parents, respect their teachers and help the needy.

### MANLINESS

Manliness has many qualities. We shouldn't make dreams our masters. We should treat success and failure equally. We should make our heart and nerve serve our turn. Our will should be strong. We should be patient at the time of injustice. Further one will be a man.

Unit – 4

1. Do you know how the Himalayan glaciers are useful?  
The Himalayan glaciers melt in Sunlight. They become the water resource for the Ganges and the Yamuna.
2. What is a metropolis?  
A metropolis is a chief city with a huge population.
3. What will be the future if the Himalayan glaciers become ice free?  
If the Himalayan glaciers become ice – free there will be a scarcity of water.
4. What according to Diwan Singh will happen if the rivers dwindle?  
According to Diwan Singh, if the rivers dwindle, there will be an exodus.
5. What according to Peter Gleick will be the future when the water supplies are diminished?  
There will be tension over shared water resources. These tensions will lead to violence.

Unit – 5

1. Why is the world of domestic workers “invisible”?  
The world of domestic workers hasn't got the recognition of law and the society. So, it is “invisible”.
2. Which are the states in India that have shown concern for the domestic workers?  
Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Bihar and Rajasthan have shown concern for the domestic workers.
3. What are the causes for the increase in domestic workers?  
Changes in the economy, and developmental policies are the causes for the increase in domestic workers.
4. How are some domestic worker's lives similar to those of slaves?  
Some domestic workers work full time. Thus, their lives are similar to those of slaves.
5. How should employers with a change in attitude treat their domestic workers?  
Employers should accept their domestic workers as workers and not as servants. They should know their rights. They should give them a fair wage.

Unit – 6

1. What do birds do every year during autumn and early winter?  
Every year during autumn and early winter birds travel from their nesting places to warmer lands.
2. Who are the brave little voyagers?  
Migrating birds are the brave little voyagers.
3. Describe the manner in which birds travel in flocks?  
Cranes and geese usually fly in the shape of “V”. Swallows, flycatchers, warblers and shore birds fly after fluttering, twittering and calling.
4. Can you suggest two reasons as to why birds travel in flocks?  
Birds travel in flocks for safety from enemies and to avoid losing their way.
5. Which is the smallest of all birds?  
The willow warbler is the smallest of all birds.
6. In what way is migration one of the greatest mysteries of bird life?  
During autumn and early winter, birds travel yearly from their nesting place to warmer lands. They return during spring and early summer. So migration is one of the greatest mysteries of bird life.
7. The migration of birds faces two main dangers. What are they?  
Danger 1: Sometimes, the birds are blown by storms and drowned in sea.  
Danger 2: The bright lights confuses them.
8. Identify the reasons why birds migrate?  
During winter → Birds migrate to escape cold and get food.  
During Summer → Birds migrate to escape heat and get nesting sites.

9. Describe how ringing is done? (Or)  
Describe how ringing of migrant birds is done?  
A band is tied on a bird's leg. It has a number, date, identification mark and sender's address. The bird is freed. With the place of finding it, its place of migration is found.
10. There are many unsolved problems in the study of bird migration? What are they?  
Many unsolved problems in the study of bird migration are
  1. How do the birds know their way over the sea without any landmarks?
  2. How do they return to the same place yearly?
11. What is the distance covered by the smallest bird every winter?  
3,200 km is the distance covered by the smallest bird every winter.

Unit – 7

1. How old is the Brihadeeswarar Temple? Who built it?  
The Brihadeeswarar Temple is thousand years old. Rajaraja Chola built it.
2. Who built the palace? By whom was it renovated?  
The Nayaks built the place. It was renovated by the Marathas.
3. What were the Pallava and the Chola eras famous for?  
The Pallava and the Chola eras were famous for monolithic statues.
4. What is the speciality of the vimanam?  
The vimanam is built with stones and without mortar. The topmost stone weighs 80 tons.
5. What aspect of the temple baffles engineers till this day?  
The topmost stone of the vimanam weighs 80 tons. How the builders lifted it so high without machines baffles engineers till this day.
6. In what way is the tower unbeatable?  
The tower has perfect geometry and clarity. Thus, it is unbeatable.
7. What stands testimony to the chola's opulence?  
The Big temple has a walled fortress. It stands testimony to the chola's opulence.
8. How is the king's reverence to the lord revealed?  
The enormity of the deities reveal the king's reverence to the lord.
9. What evokes wonder in the onlookers?
  1. The pillared cloisters have deities and lingas.
  2. There the granite stones are interlocked harmoniously. This evokes wonder in the onlookers.
10. What are the contributions of the Cholas towards arts and culture?
  1. Cholas built many temples.
  2. They donated gold and silver to the temples.
  3. They also patronized for the development of art and culture.
11. Who consecrated the temple? How?  
Rajaraja Chola consecrated the temple by climbing a ladder with a copper pot of holy water.
12. How necessary is it to preserve these monuments of our culture? Why?  
These monuments symbolize the flourishing sculptural expertise and rich culture of ancient India. So, it is greatly necessary to preserve them.
13. List out the specialities of Tanjore.  
The Big temple, Carnatic music, dance and traditional handicrafts are the specialities of Tanjore. Besides, Tanjore was Cholas capital.
14. What is written on the vimanam?  
The inscriptions on the vimanam talk about Rararaja Chola's gifts to the big temple.
15. What are the things that reflect the generous attitude of the Chola King and his family?  
Rajaraja, his sister and queens donated gold and silver to the Big Temple. The gold came from his treasure. These reflect the generous attitude of the Chola King and his family.

**Memory Poems****Paragraphs****1. Going for water** (3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup> stanzas)

Robert Frost.

We ran as if to meet the moon  
That slowly dawned behind the trees  
The barren boughs without the leaves  
without the birds, without the breeze.

But once within the wood, we paused  
like gnomes that hid us from the moon,  
ready to run to hiding new  
with laughter when she found us soon.

Each laid on other a staying hand  
to listen ere we dared to look,  
and in the hush we joined to make  
we heard, we knew we heard the brook

**2. The cry of the Children**

(The first nine lines of the poem)

Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

“For oh” say the children, “we are weary,  
and we cannot run or leap  
From your pleasures fair and fine!  
If we cared for any meadows, it were merely  
To drop down in them and sleep.  
Our knees tremble surely in the stooping.  
We fall upon our faces, trying to go;  
and, underneath our heavy eyelids drooping,  
the reddest flower would look as pale as snow.

**3. MIGRANT BIRD**

Famida Y. Basheer

The globe's my world. The cloud's my kin  
I care not where the skies begin;  
I spread my wings through all the din;  
Through fears and fright I fly my flight  
No walls for me, no vigil gates,  
No flags, no machine guns that blast  
Citizens of those border states  
Brothers of her brother's sons.  
No maps, no boundaries to block  
My sojourn into unknown lands.  
I spawn and splash in distant spills,  
I breed my brood where'r I will.  
I won't look down. No I will not,  
with speed of wings I hasten past  
And close my eyes against the sun  
To dream my dreams and make them last.

**4. MANLINESS**

Rudyard Kipling.

If you can dream and not make dreams your master;  
If you can think and not make thoughts your aim;  
If you can meet with triumph and disaster;  
And treat those two imposters just the same.

If you can force your heart, and nerve and sinew  
To serve your then long after they are gone;  
And so hold on when there is nothing in you  
Except the will which says to them, “Hold on!”

If you can fill the unforgiving minute  
With sixty seconds' worth of distance run,  
Yours is the earth and everything that's in it,  
And, what is more, you'll be a man, my son.

a) How does the poet portray a millionaire?

A millionaire is bright, when the world is sad.  
He is like a creature making the life's sound evil cry.  
Good men do honest actions. Brave men give their lives  
for honour. But the millionaire gets honour using gold.  
Further many people suffer, hunger, rags and  
homelessness. Then the millionaire earns more money  
dishonestly. Thus, he is selfish and dishonest.

b) Describe the various qualities success and failure  
manliness.

Manliness has many qualities. We can have  
dreams. But we should not make them our master. We  
may have success and failure. We should treat them  
equally. Our heart and nerve may be weak. But we  
should make them serve our team. Then we should  
stand firm. Our will should be strong. We should be  
patient at the time of injustice. Then the earth is ours.

c) What are the poet's reminiscences about his  
childhood days in the poem “Piano”?

D.H. Lawrence describes his childhood days in  
“Piano”. He hears a woman's song. It reminds him his  
mother's song. As a child, he was sitting under the  
piano. He was hearing the boom of the strings. Then he  
pressed his mother's feet. She smiled while singing her  
song. In Sunday evenings, he sang hymns. His  
childhood days attract him. So, his manhood is kept  
away. He weeps for the past.

51. Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences: 5x1= 5

An university student has been injured in the accident.

A university student has been injured in the accident.

We met an European yesterday.

We met a European yesterday.

Mala is a M.A. in English

Mala is an M.A. in English

As the child fell down so it started crying.

As the child fell down, it started crying.

I told him I can come.

I told him that I could come.

Despite of his riches, he is unhappy.

Despite his riches, he is unhappy.

Despite of his riches, he is unhappy.

In spite of his riches, he is unhappy.

Neither Ram nor his friends knows the answer.

Neither Ram nor his friends know the answer.

Neither his parents nor Suresh know the truth.

Neither his parents nor Suresh knows the truth.

Chennai is one of the hottest city in Tamil Nadu.

Chennai is one of the hottest cities in Tamil Nadu.

He is one of the cleverest student in the class.

He is one of the cleverest students in the class.

One of the boy is tall.

One of the boys is tall.

I am absent yesterday.

I was absent yesterday.

I have two sister-in-laws.

I have two sisters-in-law.

I prefer mangoes than graphes.

I prefer mangoes to graphes.

Renu prefers coffee than tea.

Renu prefers coffee to tea.

Ramesh went to abroad.

Ramesh went abroad.

Arun is senior than Varun.

Arun is senior to Varun.

A lot of questions has been omitted.

A lot of questions have been omitted.

The deer runs fastly.

The deer run fast.

The sceneries was enchanting.

The scenery was enchanting.

The cat drink milk.

The cat drinks milk.

I am working here since 2000.

I have been working here since 2000.

He has grey hairs.

He has grey hair.

We discussed about the water problem at the meeting.

We discussed the water problem at the meeting.

My uncle is richest man in the village.

My uncle is the richest man in the village.

Many people behaves rudely now-a-days.

Many people behave rudely now-a-days.

A American lives near my house.

An American lives near my house.

The dog fell along the river.

The dog fell into the river.

Each of the cycles are damaged.

Each of the cycles is damaged.

Looking through the window and he saw the stranger.

Looking through the window, he saw the stranger.

Though he was rich but he was unhappy.

Though he was rich, he was unhappy.

He joined an European University.

He joined a European University.

Everyone appreciates a honest man.

Everyone appreciates an honest man.

One of the girl sang well.

One of the girls sang well.

If I were a bird I would have escaped.

If I were a bird I would escape.

I prefer coffee than tea.

I prefer coffee to tea.

I hearing a strange noise.

I hear a strange noise.

He is having a large family.

He has a large family.

I have seen the film last week.

I saw the film last week.

She is sleeping for five hours.

She has been sleeping for five hours.

Money make many things.

Money makes many things.

I would accept the offer if I was you?

I would accept the offer if I were you?

The police has made several arrests.

The police have made several arrests.

He does not believe on God.

He does not believe in God.

He is suffering with typhoid.

He is suffering from typhoid.

He started to USA yesterday.

He started to the USA yesterday.

He is tallest in the village

He is the tallest in the village.

We should helped the poor

We should help the poor.

An European stands before us.

A European stands before us.

Do you know which is world's tallest building?

Do you know which the world's tallest building is?

We did not reject the proposal, nor we accepted it.

We neither rejected the proposal; nor did we accept it.

I place great confidence on you.

I place great confident on you.

One of these cycle is defective.

One of these cycles is defective.

He is good athlete. He performs well.

He is a good athlete. He performs well.

Have any one seen my purse?

Has any one seen my purse?

Neither the secretary nor the manager were available.

Neither the secretary nor the manager was available.

The furniture were displayed at the showroom.

The furniture was displayed at the showroom

My mother made the servant to do the work.

My mother made the servant do the work.

This is a hardly nut to crack.

This is a hard nut to crack.

(52). Picture Comprehension:

5x1=5

PTA 2:

Look at the picture and answer the following questions in one or two sentences of your own words.



1. What do you see in the picture?  
People are riding on a motorbike.
2. How many persons are on the bike?  
There are three persons on the motorbike.
3. Do you think a bike should carry more than two persons? Give a reason for your answer.  
No, it should not carry more than two persons. Bike is designed for two persons.
4. What would be the danger of riding triples on a bike?  
Riding triples on a bike may lead to accident.
5. What would you do if you saw your friend riding a bike in this manner?  
I would advise him not to do so.

PTA 1: Look at the picture given below and answer the following questions in one or two sentences of our own:



1. What do you see in the picture?  
The vehicles are kept in the 'No Parking area'.
2. Does the scene portray an authorized parking lot?  
No, it is not a parking area.
3. Is it advisable to use the roadside for parking vehicles? Give a reason for your answer.  
No, it is not advisable to use the roadside for parking. It is not safe for our vehicles.
4. Would you resort to such a measure when you park a vehicle?  
Yes, I will keep in mind the traffic rules. I will keep the vehicles in the parking areas.
5. What would be your advice to your friends in this regard?  
I will advice my friends to keep their vehicles in parking areas only.



1. What do you see in the picture?  
A man is carrying lots of fowls in a bike.
2. For what purpose, could the man be carrying the fowls?  
He is carrying them for sales.
3. Is it an easy task for the man to travel so?  
No, it is not an easy task for him to travel.
4. Could the man prove harmful to other commuters on the road? Give reasons for your answer.  
Yes. It is not safe for him and other commuters.
5. What do you feel when you see this picture?  
I feel very pity on seeing this. They are not only care for their life but also other's lives.

PTA 3:



1. What do you see in the picture?  
It is a science exhibition.
2. What are the children doing?  
A boy explains his model. Others listen to him.
3. How is this activity useful for children?  
They learn a lot of things by doing a project.
4. Why do schools give project work for students?  
Learning by doing is a very powerful way of learning, so schools give project work for students.
5. Give your opinion of your class project in a sentence.  
Hard work begets victory.

PTA 4:



1. What do you see in this picture?  
It is a man-hole.
2. How many persons do you see on the road?  
I see only one person.
3. What danger do the pedestrians face in this locality?  
The pedestrians may fall into the man-hole.
4. Who do you think is responsible for this negligence?  
People are responsible for this.
5. What would you do if you had to walk down this road?  
I will inform the municipality.

PTA 5:



1. What do you see in this picture?  
People are bathing in a falls.
2. Why is the place crowded?  
It is a picnic place.
3. Are these people regular bathers or are they visitors to the spot?  
No, they are only visitors to the spot.
4. What could be the risk of bathing in this manner?  
There may be a slippery or overflowing of water.
5. What precaution would you take while bathing in a place like this?  
I will be very careful. I will go along with elders.

Look at the picture and answer the following questions in one or two sentences.



1. What do you see in the picture?  
Children are working in a bricks factory.
2. How many children are there?  
There are five children.
3. Do you think what their doing is correct? Give a reason for your answer.  
No, it is wrong. They must go to school.
4. What would be the danger the children face in their future?  
Their future life will be spoiled.
5. What would you do if you saw your area children doing menial works?  
I would advise them to go to school.

Look at the picture and answer the following questions in one or two sentences.



- 1) What do you see in the picture?  
We see children playing and people trying to walk through the waters.
- 2) What has caused the flooding?  
Heavy rains have caused the flooding.
- 3) Why hasn't the flood waters drained?  
There was no proper drainage. So the flood waters have not drained.
- 4) How are the children enjoying themselves?  
The children are enjoying themselves by playing in the water.
- 5) What would be cause of such flood waters?  
Stagnation of water will lead to mosquito breeding places.

pdt@tpi pl M@b n[ b/k kv[ 'tIT, >kqV'kk/[  
pt@I kI k] ID pHtIT eZt >v] IDmI MZ@my/[  
v/kk'ym/k eZt MHyvi I@I <y[ b/LmI Kb'tt  
v/rft@tk@q mdDm/vT k] IDpHtIT eZt >v] IDmI